Financial Statements

December 31, 2017 and 2016

Financial Statements December 31, 2017 and 2016

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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors Greenpeace Fund, Inc. Washington, DC

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Greenpeace Fund, Inc. (the Organization), which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the related statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Board of Directors Greenpeace Fund, Inc.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Organization as of December 31, 2017 and 2016, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Report on Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The supplementary schedules of program grants, pass-through grants, and functional expenses are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Arlington, Virginia June 25, 2018

Statements of Financial Position December 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017		2016
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,361,188	\$ 4,275,884
Contributions and grants receivable		2,176,664	3,267,871
Investments		8,381,917	7,174,938
Prepaid expenses		2,912	2,913
Note receivable from Stichting Greenpeace Council		-	362,418
Revolving credit note receivable – Greenpeace, Inc.			 2,035,228
Total assets	\$	15,922,681	\$ 17,119,252
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Liabilities			
Gift annuities payable	\$	863,611	\$ 985,534
Due to Greenpeace, Inc.		529,104	1,922,607
Grants payable to Stichting Greenpeace Council		967,876	2,327,446
Grants payable to other Greenpeace affiliates		885,000	 926,000
Total liabilities		3,245,591	 6,161,587
Net Assets			
Unrestricted		10,380,426	7,529,794
Temporarily restricted		2,296,664	3,427,871
Total net assets		12,677,090	 10,957,665
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	15,922,681	\$ 17,119,252

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Temporarily Unrestricted Restricted		Total	
Revenue and Support				
Contributions and grants	\$	14,629,920	\$ 5,280,064	\$ 19,909,984
Investment income		894,040	-	894,040
Change in Value of Split-				
Interest Agreements		11,972	-	11,972
Net assets released from				
restrictions		6,411,271	(6,411,271)	
Total revenue and support		21,947,203	 (1,131,207)	 20,815,996
Expenses				
Program services:				
Grants to Stichting Greenpeace Council		8,066,656	-	8,066,656
Grants to Greenpeace, Inc.		7,920,000	-	7,920,000
Other programs		14,473	-	14,473
Total program services		16,001,129		 16,001,129
Supporting services:				
Fundraising		2,119,179	_	2,119,179
Management and general		976,263	_	976,263
		,	_	,
Total supporting services		3,095,442	-	3,095,442
Total expenses		19,096,571	 	 19,096,571
Change in Net Assets		2,850,632	(1,131,207)	1,719,425
Net Assets, beginning of year		7,529,794	 3,427,871	 10,957,665
Net Assets, end of year	\$	10,380,426	\$ 2,296,664	\$ 12,677,090

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	U	Inrestricted	Temporarily stricted Restricted			Total
Revenue and Support						
Contributions and grants	\$	13,280,584	\$	6,225,450	\$	19,506,034
Investment income		364,924		-		364,924
Change in Value of Split-						
Interest Agreements		(69,179)		-		(69,179)
Net assets released from						, , ,
restrictions		4,058,829		(4,058,829)		-
Total revenue and support		17,635,158		2,166,621		19,801,779
Expenses						
Program services:						
Grants to Stichting Greenpeace Council		6,189,750		-		6,189,750
Grants to Greenpeace, Inc.		9,650,000				9,650,000
Total program services		15,839,750				15,839,750
Supporting services:						
Fundraising		2,103,716		-		2,103,716
Management and general		1,022,499				1,022,499
Total supporting services		3,126,215				3,126,215
Total expenses		18,965,965			-	18,965,965
Change in Net Assets		(1,330,807)		2,166,621		835,814
Net Assets, beginning of year		8,860,601		1,261,250		10,121,851
Net Assets, end of year	\$	7,529,794	\$	3,427,871	\$	10,957,665

Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016

	2017			2016
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Change in net assets	\$	1,719,425	\$	835,814
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to				
net cash used in operating activities:				
Net investment realized and unrealized gains		(744,490)		(160,925)
Donated securities		(475,285)		(614,848)
Change in value of Split-Interest Agreements		(11,972)		69,179
Change in operating assets and liabilities:				
(Increase) decrease in:				
Contributions and grants receivable		1,091,208		(2,026,620)
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		-		(20,051)
Gift annuities payable		(109,951)		(106,674)
Due to Greenpeace, Inc.		(1,393,503)		1,159,132
Grants payable to Stichting Greenpeace Council		(1,359,570)		(749,009)
Grants payable to other Greenpeace affiliates		(41,000)	-	(233,000)
Net cash used in operating activities		(1,325,138)		(1,847,002)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities				
Proceeds from Maturities and Sales of Investments		3,554,335		8,048,123
Purchases of investments		(3,541,539)		(7,984,209)
Repayments of note from Stichting Greenpeace Council		372,189		300,000
Accumulated interest added to note from Stichting				
Greenpeace Council		(9,771)		(18,968)
Proceeds from repayments on revolving credit				
note receivable – Greenpeace, Inc.		2,535,228		2,464,772
Advances issued under revolving credit				
note receivable – Greenpeace, Inc.		(500,000)		(4,500,000)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		2,410,442		(1,690,282)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,085,304		(3,537,284)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of year		4,275,884		7,813,168
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of year	\$	5,361,188	\$	4,275,884

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2017 and 2016

1. Nature of Operations

Greenpeace Fund, Inc. (the Organization) is a nonprofit corporation whose activities are directed primarily at protecting and preserving the environment. Activities are executed mainly through the consideration and funding of grants to other organizations. The Organization's primary sources of revenues are contributions from individuals and grants from organizational donors.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The Organization's financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting and are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for nonprofit organizations. Net assets are reported based on the presence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions as follows:

- *Unrestricted net assets* represent funds that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations and are available for support of the Organization's operations.
- *Temporarily restricted net assets* represent funds that are subject to donor-imposed restrictions that are met through specific actions of the Organization or through the passage of time.
- Permanently restricted net assets represent funds subject to donor imposed stipulations that they be maintained permanently by the Organization. Generally, the donors of these assets permit the institution to use all or part of the income earned on related investments for general or specific purposes. The Organization did not have permanently restricted net assets at December 31, 2017 and 2016.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

The Organization considers as cash equivalents demand deposits and all highly liquid investments, which can be converted into known amounts of cash and have a maturity period of 90 days or less at the time of purchase. However, cash and cash equivalents such as Money Market Funds, held in the Organization's investment portfolio are included as a component of investments.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2017 and 2016

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

<u>Investments</u>

Investments are recorded at fair value. All unrealized gains and losses, realized gains and losses, and interest income, net of investment management fees are included in investment income in the accompanying statement of activities. Donated investments are recorded at their fair value on the date of receipt.

Notes Receivable

Notes receivable due from affiliates, are accounted for at cost plus accrued interest which generally approximates fair value. While these receivables are carried at amounts that approximate fair value under the fair value option in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, they are not included in the Organization's fair value hierarchy in Note 6. Had these receivables been included in the Organization's fair value hierarchy, all would have been classified as level 2, as of December 31, 2017 and 2016,

Grants Payable

Grant commitments are charged to operations at the time the grants are approved by board of directors. Grants that are payable and considered long term are recorded at their net present value. At December 31, 2017 and 2016, all grants payable are current and expected to be paid within one year.

Gift Annuities

Annuity obligations arising from split-interest gifts are recognized as charity gift annuity liabilities. The excess of annuity gifts over the estimated annuities to be paid by the Organization over the beneficiary's lifetime is recognized as contribution revenue when received and is included in unrestricted net assets in the accompanying financial statements. The initial liabilities resulting from these gifts are measured at fair value using the present value of the future payments to be made to beneficiaries, and subsequent actuarial revaluations of gift annuity obligations are being reported as Changes in Split-Interest Agreements in the statement of activities. Investment earnings on assets held under charitable gift annuities are recorded as investment income.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2017 and 2016

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue Recognition

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recognized at fair value in the period received or pledged, whichever is earlier. All grants and contributions are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. The Organization reports grants and contributions as temporarily restricted support if they are received with donor or grantor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the statement of activities as net assets released from restrictions.

Contributions pledged through wills and estates are recorded as contributions at the time of notification from the estate at the anticipated amount to be received and are reported as additions to temporarily restricted net assets; however, they are reclassified to unrestricted net assets at the time of receipt. Such amounts are generally collected within one year and thus are not discounted to present value.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of the Organization's programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the accompanying statement of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefited.

Agency Transactions

The Organization acts as an agent for certain grants. The accompanying supplementary schedule presents pass-through grants received by the Organization that were designated to various third party beneficiaries. The Organization does not have variance power over the funds and does not have a controlling financial interest in any of the beneficiaries. Accordingly, these funds are recorded as liabilities until disbursed. At December 31, 2017 and 2016, \$885,000 and \$926,000, respectively, were recorded as pass through liabilities within the statements of financial position.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2017 and 2016

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, the Organization has evaluated events and transactions for potential recognition or disclosure through June 25, 2018, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

3. Concentrations

Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Organization to significant concentrations of credit risk consist of cash and cash equivalents and investments. The Organization maintains cash deposit and transaction accounts, along with investments, with various financial institutions and these values, from time to time, exceed insurable limits under the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC). The Organization has not experienced any credit losses on its cash and cash equivalents and investments to date as it relates to FDIC and SIPC insurance limits. Management periodically assesses the financial condition of these financial institutions and believes that the risk of any credit loss is minimal.

Market Risk

The Organization invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and those changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statements of financial position and activities.

4. Contributions and Grants Receivable

Contributions and grants receivable consist of the following at December 31:

	 2017	 2016
Estates and wills, net Grants	\$ 470,666 1,705,998	\$ 2,776,227 491,644
Total contributions and grants receivable	\$ 2,176,664	\$ 3,267,871

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2017 and 2016

4. Contributions and Grants Receivable (Continued)

These amounts are recorded at net realizable value. The Organization provides an allowance for bad debts using the allowance method, which is based on management's judgment considering historical information. Accounts are individually analyzed for collectability, and will be reserved based on individual evaluation and specific circumstances. When all collection efforts have been exhausted, the accounts are written-off against the related allowance. At December 31, 2017 and 2016, amounts are deemed to be fully collectible. No discount has been calculated for 2017 or 2016 as most significant receivables are due within one year at December 31, 2017 and 2016.

In addition to the estimate of the allowance for doubtful accounts, management periodically evaluates the values of the estates and wills receivables and adjusts accordingly. During the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, no amounts were written-down from the estates and wills balance and are included as a decrease to contributions in the accompanying statement of activities.

5. Investments

Investments are recorded at fair market value and are comprised of the following at December 31, 2017 and 2016:

	2017			2016
Coch and each equivalents	\$	612 151	•	1 014 976
Cash and cash equivalents	Ф	613,151	\$	1,014,876
Certificates of deposit		127,658		134,669
Mutual and exchange traded funds:				
Domestic equities		674,355		751,602
International equities		339,917		203,260
Government bonds fixed income		810,814		728,581
Intermediate-term fixed income		196,829		211,663
Other short-term fixed income		88,488		89,760
Equities:				
Domestic		2,003,782		1,418,061
International		625,079		470,500
Fixed income:				
Government Bonds		1,770,950		1,151,863
Corporate Bonds		1,130,894		930,103
Land available for sale				70,000
	\$	8,381,917	\$	7,174,938

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2017 and 2016

5. Investments (Continued)

Investment income consists of the following for the years ended December 31:

	2017	 2016
Interest and dividends, net of investment fees of \$41,298 and \$34,075 Interest on note receivable and revolving	\$ 113,364	\$ 96,143
credit receivable Net realized and unrealized losses	36,185 744,491	107,856 160,925
Total investment income	\$ 894,040	\$ 364,924

6. Fair Value Measurements

A fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the input to valuation techniques used to measure fair value is established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America are described below:

Level 1 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Organization has the ability to access.

Level 2 Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2017 and 2016

6. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value.

Equities, mutual and exchange traded funds: Valued at the last sales price, or if there is no sale and the market is still considered active, at the last transaction price before yearend.

Certificate of Deposits, Corporate Bonds and Government Securities: Valued using quoted market prices for similar assets and liabilities in active markets

Land available for sale: Valued using comparables in the geographic location where the land is held.

Split-interest agreement liability: Valued at the present value of future payments to beneficiaries, and the annual adjustment based on the latest actuarial information available.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2017 and 2016

6. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The following table presents the Organization's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis (excluding managed money market funds not subject to fair value measurement) at December 31, 2017:

	2017							
		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total
Assets								
Certificates of deposit	\$	-	\$	127,658	\$	-	\$	127,658
Mutual and exchange traded funds:								
Domestic equities		674,355		-		-		674,355
International equities		339,917		-		-		339,917
Government bonds fixed income		810,814		-		-		810,814
Intermediate-term fixed income		196,829		-		-		196,829
Other short-term fixed income		88,488		-		-		88,488
Equities:								
Domestic		2,003,782		-		-		2,003,782
International		625,079		-	-			625,079
Fixed income:								
Government Bonds		-		1,770,950		-		1,770,950
Corporate Bonds				1,130,894		-		1,130,894
Total Assets	\$	4,739,263	\$	3,029,502	\$		\$	7,768,765
Liabilities								
Split-Interest Agreement Liability	\$	_	\$	-	\$	863,611	\$	863,611

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2017 and 2016

6. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The following table presents the Organization's fair value hierarchy for those financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis (excluding managed money market funds not subject to fair value measurement) at December 31, 2016:

	2016							
		Level 1 Level 2			Level 3		Total	
Assets								_
Certificates of deposit	\$	-	\$	134,669	\$	-	\$	134,669
Mutual and exchange traded funds:								
Domestic equities		751,602		-		-		751,602
International equities		203,260		-		-		203,260
Government bonds fixed income		728,581		-		-		728,581
Intermediate-term fixed income		211,663 -			-		211,663	
Other short-term fixed income		89,760	89,760 -			-		89,760
Equities:								
Domestic		1,418,061		-		-		1,418,061
International		470,500		-				470,500
Fixed income:								
Government Bonds		-		1,151,863		-		1,151,863
Corporate Bonds		- 930,103		930,103	-			930,103
Land available for sale	_	-		-		70,000		70,000
Total Assets	\$	3,873,427	\$	2,216,635	\$	70,000	\$	6,160,062
T . 190.0								
Liabilities	Ф		Ф		ф	005.534	Ф	005.524
Split-Interest Agreement Liability	\$	=	\$	-	\$	985,534	\$	985,534

The following table provides a summary of changes in fair value of the Organization's Level 3 financial asset for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016:

]	Land
Balance at December 31, 2015 Donation	\$	70,000 -
Balance at December 31, 2016		70,000
Donation Disposal		(70,000)
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	_

The unobservable inputs used to determine the fair value of land available for sale were realtor value estimates on comparable properties listed in the area.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2017 and 2016

6. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

The following table provides a summary of changes in fair value of the Organization's Level 3 financial liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016:

	Split -Interest Agreement			
Balance at December 31, 2015	\$	1,023,029		
New gift annuities		36,614		
Distributions to annuitants		(143,288)		
Unrealized losses		69,179		
Balance at December 31, 2016	\$	985,534		
New gift annuities		30,479		
Distributions to annuitants		(140,430)		
Unrealized gains		(11,972)		
Balance at December 31, 2017	\$	863,611		

The unobservable inputs used to determine the fair value of the charitable gift annuity split-interest liabilities were discount rates and actuarial assumptions calculated based upon the Internal Revenue Service life expectancy tables and the adjusted federal midterm rate at the time the charitable annuities were established.

7. Related Party Transactions

Stichting Greenpeace Council

Greenpeace is a global environmental organization, consisting of Greenpeace International (Stichting Greenpeace Council –the Council) in Amsterdam and 26 independent national and regional offices across the world covering operations in more than 55 countries. These national/regional offices are independent in carrying out global campaign strategies within the local context they operate within, and in seeking the necessary financial support from donors to fund this work. Greenpeace International's main legal entity is "Stichting Greenpeace Council" (SGC). It is a Dutch Stichting -a foundation-type nonprofit entity-based in Amsterdam, the Netherlands. Although the Organization is a nonvoting member of the Council, all Greenpeace entities are influenced by decisions of the Council. However, the Organization has ultimate responsibility for and control over its own activities and decisions.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2017 and 2016

7. Related Party Transactions (continued)

Greenpeace, Inc.

Greenpeace, Inc. recognized as a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code, and is exempt from income taxes except for taxes on unrelated business activities and provides management services to the Organization. Additionally, Greenpeace, Inc. and the Organization share certain management and general costs. All shared costs are charged to the appropriate entity based upon specific identification or are allocated based on time incurred. The Organization's share of such costs is then allocated to the various programs and support services included in the accompanying statement of activities. Total shared costs in 2017 and 2016 were \$270,863 and \$240,490, respectively.

Grants to Greenpeace Organizations and Shared Expenses with Greenpeace, Inc.

The Organization made grants to the Council for use in its worldwide activities. The Organization also provided grants to Greenpeace, Inc. to fund research and educational activities. The Organization also acts as an agent for pass-through grants in which the beneficiaries are other Greenpeace affiliates, as designated by the donors. Pass-through grants are recorded as liabilities until disbursed and are not included as a component of grant expense in the accompanying statement of activities.

Grants awarded to all related organizations were as follows for the years ended December 31:

	 2017	2016			
Grants to Stichting Greenpeace Council Grants to Greenpeace, Inc. Grants to National Regional Offices	\$ 8,066,656 7,920,000 14,473	\$	6,189,750 9,650,000		
Total grants expense	\$ 16,001,129	\$	15,839,750		

Grants payable and other liabilities to all related organizations were as follows at December 31:

	 2017	 2016			
Grants payable to Stichting Greenpeace					
Council	\$ 967,876	\$ 2,327,446			
Due to Greenpeace, Inc.	529,104	1,922,607			
Grants payable to other Greenpeace affiliates	885,000	926,000			
	_				
Total grants payable and other liabilities	\$ 2,381,980	\$ 5,176,053			

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2017 and 2016

7. Related Party Transactions (continued)

As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, amounts due to Greenpeace, Inc. include both grants payable as well as other liabilities due to Greenpeace, Inc. as a result of the management and general costs that are shared with Greenpeace, Inc.

Revolving Credit Note Receivable – Greenpeace, Inc.

The Organization has entered into a \$2 million revolving line of credit arrangement with Greenpeace, Inc. to help support Greenpeace, Inc.'s operations. Interest has been accrued at a rate of 7.25% during 2017 and 2016. Interest revenue was \$26,414 and \$88,887 for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and is included in investment income in the accompanying statement of activities. The revolving credit receivable has a balance of \$-0- and \$2,035,228 at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and is included in the accompanying statements of financial position.

Note Receivable from Stichting Greenpeace Council

During 2011, the Organization loaned \$3,000,000 to the Council to fund the building of a new vessel. Interest is calculated monthly and is accrued at the U.S. prime rate. The balance is due in ten equal installments with the first installment due on October 27, 2012. In addition to the annual \$300,000 installments, the Council made a pre-payment totaling \$1,471,170 in December 2012. Interest revenue was \$9,771 and \$18,968 for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively. As of December 31, 2017 and 2016, the outstanding balance, including accrued interest, totaled \$-0- and \$362,418, respectively.

8. Charitable Gift Annuities

The Organization has entered into irrevocable agreements with donors whereby in exchange for the gift from the donor, the Organization is obligated to provide an annuity to the donor or other designated beneficiaries over the life of the annuitant. The actuarially determined liability resulting from the annuity gifts was recorded at the date of the gift. These liabilities were subsequently re-measured at the present value of future payments to beneficiaries, and the annual adjustment based on the latest actuarial information available is reported in the accompanying statements of activities as a change in the value of split-interest agreements. Annuity obligations were \$863,611 and \$985,534 at December 31, 2017 and 2016, respectively, and are included in the accompanying statements of financial position. Contribution revenue recognized under these arrangements for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, was \$30,479 and \$36,614, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2017 and 2016

9. Temporarily Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets are available for the following purposes at December 31:

	2017	2016			
Oceans	\$ 1,050,000	\$	100,000		
Forest	496,000		457,000		
Other programs	20,000		35,000		
Time restricted	 730,664		2,835,871		
Total temporarily restricted net assets	\$ 2,296,664	\$	3,427,871		

10. Income Taxes

The Organization is recognized as a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and is exempt from income taxes except for taxes on unrelated business activities. No tax expense is recorded in the accompanying financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016, as there were no unrelated business activities. Management evaluated the Organization's tax positions and has concluded that the Organization has taken no uncertain tax positions that qualify for either recognition or disclosure in the accompanying financial statements.

11. General Contingencies

From time-to-time, the Organization may be a party to lawsuits or have claims pending against it. In the opinion of management, the ultimate liabilities, if any, resulting from such lawsuits and claims will not materially affect the financial position of the Organization.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Schedules of Program Grants For the Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

	2017	2016		
Grants to Stichting Greenpeace Council				
Global Forests	\$ 3,293,400	\$	1,634,710	
Good Life Campaign & Ship Tour	2,467,876		-	
Digital Initiatives	-		439,040	
Science Unit	1,097,800		1,372,000	
Strategic Initiatives	-		823,200	
Learning and Development	988,020		-	
Response Lab	219,560		932,960	
Detox Initiative	 		987,840	
Total grants to Stichting Greenpeace Council	 8,066,656		6,189,750	
Grants to Greenpeace, Inc.				
Climate & Energy Campaign	4,850,000		3,902,216	
Oceans Campaign	1,850,000		1,964,161	
Forest Campaign	1,200,000		2,283,623	
Arctic Campaign	-		825,000	
Democracy Initiative	-		500,000	
Other	 20,000		175,000	
Total grants to Greenpeace, Inc.	 7,920,000		9,650,000	
Grants to Greenpeace National Regional Offices				
Campaign Support - Greenpeace, United Kingdom	 14,473			
Total program grants	\$ 16,001,129	\$	15,839,750	

Schedule of Pass-Through Grants For the Years Ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

	2017	2016				
Grants to Stichting Greenpeace Council						
Information technology projects	\$ -	\$ 104,896				
Grants for Other Affiliates						
Climate & Energy - East Asia	1,300,000	315,000				
Climate & Energy - Australia	, ,	,				
Climate & Energy - Hungary	-	1,000				
Forests - Southeast Asia	354,000	353,000				
Forests - Africa	150,000	150,000				
Forests - Brazil	60,000	10,000				
Forests - Canada	200,000					
Total grants for other Greenpeace affiliates	2,064,000	829,000				
Total pass-through grants	\$ 2,064,000	\$ 933,896				

Schedule of Functional Expenses For the Year Ended December 31, 2017 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

	Program Services						S					
		Grants to Stichting Greenpeace Council	Grants to Greenpeace, Inc.	Other Program			oundraising	Management and General				Total
Grants	\$	8,066,656	7,920,000	14,473 \$	16,001,129	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	16,001,129
Salaries and benefits		-	-	-	-		1,044,025	739,071		1,783,096		1,783,096
Professional fees		-	-	-	-		378,829	64,226	Ó	443,055		443,055
Office expenses		-	-	-	-		265,302	57,219)	322,521		322,521
Occupancy		-	-	-	-		112,845	77,801		190,646		190,646
Conferences and meetings		-	-	-	-		110,065	7,932	2	117,997		117,997
Travel		-	-	-	-		110,318	6,713	}	117,031		117,031
Advertising and promotion		-	-	-	-		28,466	-		28,466		28,466
Information technology		-	-	-	-		24,395	2,499)	26,894		26,894
Depreciation and amortization		-	-	-	-		13,643	9,658	3	23,301		23,301
Insurance		-	-	-	-		13,517	9,569)	23,086		23,086
Miscellaneous	_	-	-	-			17,774	1,575	5	19,349		19,349
Total Expenses	\$_	8,066,656	7,920,000	§ 14,473 \$	16,001,129	\$	2,119,179	\$ 976,263	\$	3,095,442	\$	19,096,571

Schedule of Functional Expenses For the Year Ended December 31, 2016 (See Independent Auditors' Report)

	Program Services					S							
		Grants to Stichting Greenpeace Council	Grants to Greenpeace, Inc.	Total Programs		² undraising	Management and General		•		Total Supporting Services		Total
Grants	\$	6,189,750	9,650,000 \$	15,839,750	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	15,839,750		
Salaries and benefits		-	-	-		1,197,273	857,929		2,055,202		2,055,202		
Professional fees		-	-	-		307,398	6,563		313,961		313,961		
Office expenses		-	-	-		174,007	55,752		229,759		229,759		
Occupancy		-	-	-		103,554	73,258		176,812		176,812		
Conferences and meetings		-	-	-		136,640	118		136,758		136,758		
Travel		-	-	-		98,550	2,322		100,872		100,872		
Information technology		-	-	-		28,562	8,932		37,494		37,494		
Miscellaneous		-	-	-		26,067	2,357		28,424		28,424		
Depreciation and amortization		-	-	-		13,668	9,794		23,462		23,462		
Advertising and promotion		-		-		10,148	-		10,148		10,148		
Total Expenses	\$_	6,189,750	\$ 9,650,000 \$	15,839,750	\$	2,103,716	\$ 1,022,499	\$	3,126,215	\$	18,965,965		