(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Statements of Financial Position	2
Statements of Activities	3
Statements of Functional Expenses	5
Statements of Cash Flows	6
Notes to Financial Statements	7

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Board of Directors Family House, Inc. San Francisco, California

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial position of Family House, Inc., a California nonprofit public benefit corporation, as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of Family House, Inc.'s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Family House, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Family House, Inc. as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Sindquist, von Husen and Joyce LLP

July 7, 2011

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

	2010		10	
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash	\$	549,537	\$	792,338
Prepaid expenses		26,120		7,117
Total current assets		575,657		799,455
Restricted cash (Note 3)		27,285		92,232
Investments (Note 3)		2,512,211		1,976,990
Property and equipment – net (Note 4)		3,862,058		3,887,489
Total assets	\$	6,977,211	\$	6,756,166
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	37,679	\$	39,839
Deferred revenue		45,350		49,700
Total current liabilities		83,029		89,539
Net assets:				
Unrestricted		5,679,744		5,566,572
Temporarily restricted (Note 5)		133,656		19,273
Permanently restricted (Note 6)		1,080,782		1,080,782
Total net assets		6,894,182		6,666,627
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	6,977,211	\$	6,756,166

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

	2010							
				Temporarily		ermanently		
	Unrestricted		Restricted		Restricted			Total
Support and revenue:								
Contributions	\$	792,454	\$	17,746	\$	_	\$	810,200
Special events contributions	*	270,018	•	-	•	_	•	270,018
Special events revenue		582,944		_		_		582,944
Less: cost of special events		(275,207)		_		_		(275,207)
Interest and dividend income		6,170		_		_		6,170
Realized and unrealized gain		,						,
on investments		136,944		114,779		-		251,723
Net assets released from restrictions		18,142		(18,142)		-		-
Total support and revenue		1,531,465		114,383		-		1,645,848
Expenses:								
Program services		1,034,423		_		_		1,034,423
Management and general		205,593		-		_		205,593
Fundraising		178,277		-		-		178,277
Total expenses		1,418,293		-		-		1,418,293
Change in net assets		113,172		114,383		-		227,555
Net assets, beginning of year		5,566,572		19,273		1,080,782		6,666,627
Net assets, end of year	\$	5,679,744	\$	133,656	\$	1,080,782	\$	6,894,182

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

STATEMENTS OF ACTIVITIES

	2009							
		Unrestricted		Temporarily Restricted		Permanently		
	Ui					Restricted		Total
Support and revenue:								
Contributions	\$	767,244	\$	18,142	\$	_	\$	785,386
Special events contributions	Ψ	187,435	4	-	Ψ	_	Ψ	187,435
Special events revenue		496,587		_		_		496,587
Less: cost of special events		(214,181)		_		_		(214,181)
Interest and dividend income		12,283		_		_		12,283
Realized and unrealized gain		,						,
on investments		385,465		1,131		_		386,596
Net assets released from restrictions		30,000		(30,000)		-		
Total support and revenue		1,664,833		(10,727)		-		1,654,106
Expenses:								
Program services		992,708		_		_		992,708
Management and general		201,236		_		-		201,236
Fundraising		159,222		-		=		159,222
Total expenses		1,353,166		-		-		1,353,166
Change in net assets		311,667		(10,727)		-		300,940
Net assets, beginning of year		5,254,905		30,000		1,080,782		6,365,687
Net assets, end of year	\$	5,566,572	\$	19,273	\$	1,080,782	\$	6,666,627

FAMILY HOUSE, INC.

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

STATEMENTS OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

2009 2010 Management Management Program Program Services and General **Fundraising Total** Services and General **Fundraising Total** Payroll and related costs 514,657 \$ 136,749 113,366 764,772 \$ 497,904 132,493 109,546 739,943 Operating and maintenance 181,604 181,604 172,936 172,936 60,645 Utilities 71,931 71,931 60,645 Administrative 57,247 55,543 104,553 50,424 107,671 49,010 40,754 37,023 Program 40,754 37,023 Insurance and taxes 15,323 2,925 18,248 17,383 2,925 20,308 13,452 64,911 78,363 49,676 Fundraising 49,676 Depreciation 139,455 15,495 154,950 151,274 16,808 168,082 Total expenses as shown on the Statement of Activities 1,034,423 205,593 178,277 1,418,293 992,708 201,236 159,222 1,353,166 Cost of special events 214,181 275,207 275,207 214,181 Total expenses \$ 1,034,423 \$ 205,593 \$ 453,484 \$ 1,693,500 992,708 \$ 201,236 373,403 \$ 1,567,347 \$

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

		2010		2009
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Change in net assets	\$	227,555	\$	300,940
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash	•	,,,,,,,	•	,-
provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation		154,950		168,082
Realized and unrealized gain on investments		(251,723)		(386,596)
(Increase) decrease in assets:				, , ,
Contributions receivable		-		1,600
Prepaid expenses		(19,003)		(2,846)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(2,160)		(14,583)
Deferred revenue		(4,350)		49,700
Net cash provided by operating activities		105,269		116,297
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Net change in investments		(283,498)		42,168
Net change in restricted cash		64,947		(92,232)
Purchase of property and equipment		(129,519)		(64,627)
Net cash used in investing activities		(348,070)		(114,691)
Increase (decrease) in cash		(242,801)		1,606
Cash, beginning of year		792,338		790,732
Cash, end of year	\$	549,537	\$	792,338

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF ACTIVITIES

Family House, Inc. (FH) was formed in 1980. Its mission is to serve as a home away from home for families of children with cancer and other life-threatening illnesses by providing physical comfort and emotional support, free from financial concerns. FH maintains residential real properties in San Francisco to accomplish this purpose, and serves over two thousand families per year.

FH operates the following buildings, named Koret Family House, at the following locations:

<u>50 Irving Street, San Francisco, CA</u> – Purchased in 1981 and located directly across from UCSF. The residence has ten family bedrooms plus group kitchens and family rooms. The corporate offices are also at this location.

<u>1234 Tenth Avenue, San Francisco, CA</u> – This three-story property is located near the hospital and across from Golden Gate Park. It was purchased in 2001 and two stories became operational in November 2002 with the remainder placed in service in early 2003. It has 24 family bedrooms plus group kitchens and family rooms. FH mounted a capital campaign to retire the debt and provide funds for the renovations.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting Method

FH uses the accrual method of accounting, which recognizes income in the period earned and expenses when incurred, regardless of the timing of payments.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

FH records contributions receivable based on its estimate of collectibility. Should such estimate change over the next 12 months, any portion of the currently reported amount may be deemed uncollectible.

Basis of Presentation

FH reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets.

Revenue Recognition

Contributions are recognized as revenue when they are unconditionally communicated. Grants represent contributions if resource providers receive no value in exchange for the assets transferred. Contributions are recorded at their fair value as unrestricted support, temporarily restricted support or permanently restricted support, depending on the absence or existence of donor-imposed restrictions as applicable. When a restriction expires (that is when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished), temporarily restricted net assets are reclassified to unrestricted net assets and reported in the Statements of Activities as net assets released from restrictions. If donors' restrictions are satisfied in the same period that the contribution is received, the contribution is reported as unrestricted support. Contributions restricted for the purchase of long-lived assets are reported as unrestricted support when expended.

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

FH acquired certain property in prior years for nominal amounts or by charitable contribution. These assets were recorded at their estimated fair value as of the acquisition date, and these amounts may materially differ from current values.

Contributed services are stated at their estimated fair value, if they are ordinarily purchased and are of a specialized nature, or if they enhance a non-financial asset.

Cash

Cash is defined as cash in demand deposit accounts as well as cash on hand. Not included as cash are funds restricted as to their use, regardless of liquidity, such as funds provided by donors for a specified purpose which are included in temporarily restricted net assets.

Contributions Receivable

FH records an allowance for doubtful collections based on a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information, and existing economic conditions. No allowance for doubtful collections was recognized in 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Investments

Under generally accepted accounting principles, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Generally accepted accounting principles establish a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of FH. Unobservable inputs, if any, reflects FH's assumption about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

- Level 1 Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the FH has the ability to access at measurement date. Valuation adjustments and block discounts are not applied to Level 1 securities. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these securities does not entail a significant degree of judgment.
- Level 2 Valuations based on significant inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly or quoted prices in markets that are not active, that is, markets in which there are few transactions, the prices are not current or price quotations vary substantially either over time or among market makers.
- Level 3 Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

The availability of valuation techniques and observable inputs can vary from security to security and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Those estimated values do not necessarily represent the amounts that may be ultimately realized due to the occurrence of future circumstances that cannot be reasonably determined. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, those estimated values may be materially higher or lower than the values that would have been used had a ready market for the securities existed.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost of acquisition, construction, or fair value if donated. The costs of maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Depreciation is computed based on the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

The useful lives of the assets are estimated as follows:

Buildings and improvements 30 years Furniture and fixtures 5 years

Development in Progress

FH incurs costs during the pre-development and development phase of the building project undertaken. Such costs include governmental fees, legal and consulting fees needed to investigate the feasibility and arrange for the financing of the project under consideration, as well as construction costs. FH records these costs to an asset account (development in progress) and the costs are usually recoverable from loan proceeds and contributions. Project development costs are considered to be development in progress until the project is placed in service. Development in progress is not depreciated until the completion of development.

Any funds expended on the project that do not pass beyond the predevelopment stage are recorded as expense when activity on the project ceases. FH estimates that no portion of development in progress is unrealizable at December 31, 2010 and 2009 (see Note 7).

Income Taxes

FH is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and the related California code sections.

FH believes that it has appropriate support for any tax positions taken, and as such, does not have any uncertain tax positions that are material to the financial statements. FH's federal and state information returns for the years 2006 through 2009 have been filed and are subject to examination by regulatory agencies, generally for three years and four years after they were filed for federal and state, respectively.

Functional Expenses Allocation

The costs of providing program services and supporting services are summarized on a functional basis in the Statements of Activities and Statements of Functional Expenses. Accordingly, certain costs are allocated among program services and supporting services based on estimates of employees' time incurred and on usage of resources.

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are not accrued. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that compensated absences be accrued. However, the effect of not accruing compensated absences is not materially different from the result that would have been obtained had compensated absences been accrued.

Reclassification

Certain amounts previously reported in the 2009 financial statements were reclassified to conform to the 2010 presentation for comparative purposes.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through July 7, 2011, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 3 – INVESTMENTS

Investments at December 31, 2010 and 2009 are summarized as follows:

	 2010	2009	
Funds Individual equities	\$ 1,557,146 955,065	\$ 949,157 1,027,833	
Total investments	\$ 2,512,211	\$ 1,976,990	

Realized and unrealized gain on investments for 2010 and 2009 were \$251,723 and \$386,596, respectively.

FH investments recorded at fair value have been categorized based upon Level 1 hierarchy of inputs in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. See Note 2 for a discussion of FH's policies.

The total fair value of investments as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively includes \$1,169,407 and \$989,681 of donor-restricted endowment funds (see Note 6) and related investment income. The donor restricted endowment funds also include \$27,285 and \$92,232 of restricted cash as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

The following presents investments by category at fair value as of December 31, 2010:

	Non-					
	Endowment		Endowment			Total
Funds:						
Intermediate-term bond index funds	\$	269,763	\$	249,391	\$	519,154
Short-term investment-grade fund admiral funds		221,647		202,296		423,943
International equity funds		212,039		228,706		440,745
Small/mid-capitalization index funds		94,912		78,392		173,304
Total		798,361		758,785		1,557,146
Individual equities:						
Common stock – energy		48,137		37,641		85,778
Common stock – materials		10,979		8,115		19,094
Common stock – industrials		64,792		45,500		110,292
Common stock – consumer discretionary		76,821		53,547		130,368
Common stock – consumer staples		32,269		24,210		56,479
Common stock – health care		88,977		69,346		158,323
Common stock – financials		62,300		52,297		114,597
Common stock – information technology		128,704		96,305		225,009
Common stock – telecommunications		31,464		23,661		55,125
Total		544,443		410,622		955,065
Total	\$	1,342,804	\$	1,169,407	\$	2,512,211

NOTE 4 – PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment is summarized as follows:

	2010	2009
Land Buildings and improvements Furniture and equipment	\$ 1,256,051 5 4,030,810 412,888	\$ 1,256,051 4,006,550 330,129
Off-site improvements	7,450	7,450
Less: accumulated depreciation	5,707,199 (1,867,641)	5,600,180 (1,712,691)
Pre-development costs	3,839,558 22,500	3,887,489
Total property and equipment	\$ 3,862,058	\$ 3,887,489

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

NOTE 5 – TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Temporarily restricted net assets are summarized as follows:

	 2010	2009		
Cash received restricted for:				
Facilities maintenance	\$ -	\$	4,933	
Program services	17,746		3,459	
Strategic planning	-		9,750	
Endowment earnings – time restricted until				
appropriated for expenditures	 115,910		1,131	
Total	\$ 133,656	\$	19,273	

NOTE 6 – ENDOWMENT FUNDS

Over the years, FH has received certain funds designated as permanently restricted. FH established the Arthur R. Ablin Endowment Fund of Family House. The primary funding of the endowment came from an estate, of which FH was the sole beneficiary. As required by generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), net assets associated with endowment funds are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

Interpretation of Relevant Law

The Board of Directors of Family House has interpreted the State Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (the Act) as requiring the preservation of the fair value of the original gifts as of the date of the donor-restricted endowment funds absent explicit donor stipulations to the contrary. As a result of this interpretation, FH classifies as permanently restricted net assets (1) the original value of gifts donated to the permanent endowment, (2) the original value of subsequent gifts to the permanent endowment, and (3) accumulations to the permanent endowment made in accordance with the direction of the applicable donor gift instrument at the time the accumulation is added to the fund, if any. The remaining portion of the donor-restricted endowment fund, including endowment earnings, that is not classified in permanently restricted net assets is classified as temporarily restricted net assets until those amounts are appropriated for expenditure by the organization in a manner consistent with the standard of prudence of the Act.

In accordance with the Act, Family House considers the following factors in making a determination to appropriate or accumulate donor-restricted endowment funds:

- (a) The duration and preservation of the fund.
- (b) The purposes of the organization and the donor-restricted endowment fund.
- (c) General economic conditions.
- (d) The possible effect of inflation and deflation.
- (e) The expected total return from income and the appreciation of investments.
- (f) Other resources of the organization.
- (g) The investment policies of the organization.

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

Changes in endowment net assets for the fiscal years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 are as follows:

	Unrestricted		Temporarily Restricted		Permanently Restricted		Total
December 31, 2008	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,080,782
Investment return (loss): Net unrealized appreciation				1,131		-	1,131
December 31, 2009		-		1,131		1,080,782	1,081,913
Investment return (loss): Net unrealized appreciation		-		114,779		-	114,779
December 31, 2010	\$	-	\$	115,910	\$	1,080,782	\$ 1,196,692

Funds with Deficiencies

From time to time, the fair value of assets associated with the donor-restricted endowment funds may fall below the level that the donor or the Act requires Family House to retain as a fund of perpetual duration. In accordance with GAAP, deficiencies of this nature are reported as decreases in unrestricted net assets. These deficiencies may result from unfavorable market fluctuations or other market conditions. There were no such deficiencies as of December 31, 2010 and 2009.

Return Objectives and Risk Parameters

The Endowment Account is intended to accumulate as much capital appreciation as possible, with the eventual goal of helping to support Family House's on-going operations while leaving the accumulated principal intact. Given this objective, investments assume a moderate to high degree of risk with diversification among different asset classes as a means of reducing risk. The Endowment Account can and will tolerate short-term portfolio volatility in an effort to achieve higher expected long-term rate of return.

Strategies Employed for Achieving Objectives

To meet the return objectives and risk parameters, guidelines for the management of the Endowment Account have been established.

Asset allocation ranges are set for the various asset classes: a target asset allocation of 70% equities and 30% fixed income is adopted. Actual asset allocation may vary from target but equities may not exceed 75% of the portfolio at market value. Endowment investments do not include illiquid assets, such as real estate, and acceptable and unacceptable investments for each asset class have been determined.

(A California Nonprofit Public Benefit Corporation)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010 AND 2009

Spending Policy and How the Investment Objectives Relate to Spending Policy

At this time, Family House's policy is to reinvest all earnings. Family House's board of directors may determine the amount that will be used to help fund Family House's annual operations. The spending of earnings will be limited to the annual earnings of the portfolio and will not exceed seven percent (7%) of the fair value of the endowment fund. The fair value of the endowment fund will be calculated on the basis of market values determined at least quarterly and averaged over a period of not less than three (3) years immediately proceeding the year in which the appropriation for expenditure is made.

NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

FH was informed by UCSF that in 2015, UCSF will open a new hospital in the San Francisco Mission Bay area and has requested FH to relocate its existing facilities adjacent to the new hospital in order to continue its mission of serving as a home away from home for the families of seriously ill children being treated at UCSF. FH's Management and Board approved the relocation of FH's facilities and has launched a capital campaign in 2011 to raise funds for the acquisition of land and construction of the new facility.

In April 2011, FH received a pledge from the Kalmanovitz Charitable Foundation (KCF) to contribute \$4,000,000 for the specific purpose of building a new Family House facility in the San Francisco Mission Bay area. The contribution is to be made in five equal installments of \$800,000 commencing in 2011through 2015. The funds shall be paid upon proof by FH that dollar-for dollar grant funds have been secured or pledged from other funding sources for each of the five annual pledge payments by KCF and it appears that the first year's matching condition has been met. KCF's obligation to make the annual payments shall cease in the event that the dollar-for-dollar funding requirement has not been met in full. However, KCF shall make a payment in each of the years that dollar-for-dollar funding has not been obtained up to the amount of the funds actually raised or pledged not to exceed \$800,000 per year.

FH also received a verbal pledge of \$1,000,000 from Dr. and Mrs. Ablin for the capital campaign. In January 2011, the donors paid \$100,000 towards the pledge.