CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL REPORT SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Habitat for Humanity of Lee and Hendry Counties, Inc. North Fort Myers, Florida

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of financial position of **Habitat for Humanity of Lee and Hendry Counties, Inc.** ("Habitat") as of September 30, 2011 and 2010, and the related consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets, functional expenses, and cash flows for the years then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of Habitat's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Habitat for Humanity of Lee and Hendry Counties, Inc. as of September 30, 2011 and 2010, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 6, 2012 on our consideration of Habitat for Humanity of Lee and Hendry Counties, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Florida Single Audit Act (Florida Statute 215.97) and the State of Florida General Rule 10.650, and is not a required part of the basic consolidated financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

Mauldin & Jerlins, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia January 6, 2012

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION SEPTEMBER 30, 2011 AND 2010

<u>Assets</u>		2011		2010
Cash and cash equivalents				
Operating	\$	2,180,922	\$	3,075,083
Escrow		20,501		23,438
Pledges and accounts receivable		869,552		909,235
Notes receivable		-		242,600
Investments for gift annuity obligations		225,216		231,050
Prepaid expenses and deposits		50,100		4,123
Building materials inventory		122,246		133,409
First and second mortgages receivable, net of				
an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$4,396,602				
and \$4,897,605 for 2011 and 2010, respectively		6,232,387		5,385,579
Land held for home sites		1,690,595		1,518,945
Commercial property held		-		34,350
Construction in progress		1,654,325		2,387,496
Property and equipment, net		7,339,152		8,057,125
Total assets	\$	20,384,996	\$	22,002,433
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other accrued liabilities	\$	399,384	\$	228,106
Accrued Chinese drywall remediation costs (see Note 11)		264,054		656,588
Escrow accounts payable		51,979		20,970
Annuity obligations payable		147,058		110,911
Long-term debt		660,357		999,290
Total liabilities		1,522,832		2,015,865
Net assets:				
Unrestricted		18,227,485		19,277,139
Temporarily restricted		634,679		709,429
	***********	10.000.101	***************************************	
Total net assets	1	18,862,164		19,986,568
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	20,384,996	\$	22,002,433

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

			Te	mporarily	
	U	nrestricted	R	estricted	Total
Changes in unrestricted net assets					
Revenue and support:					
Contributions					
Cash and pledge contributions	\$	830,285	\$	10,414	\$ 840,699
Materials and services		1,144,555		-	1,144,555
Land donations		72,906		-	72,906
Grants and subsidies		2,446,634		-	2,446,634
Application fees		83,091		-	83,091
Retail store sales		563,175		-	563,175
Special events (less direct expenses of \$98,629)		266,628		-	266,628
Amortization of mortgage discounts		213,643		14*	213,643
Interest income		8,238		-	8,238
Rental income		343,110			343,110
Gift annuity loss		(11,640)			(11,640)
Miscellaneous revenue		32,563			32,563
Loss on disposal of fixed assets		(229,690)		_	(229,690)
Net assets released from restriction		85,164		(85,164)	(22),0)0)
Net assets released from restriction		5,848,662		(74,750)	 5,773,912
The section to be a second of the second of		2,906,709		(74,750)	2,906,709
Transfers to homeowners for mortgage loans		8,755,371		(74,750)	 8,680,621
Total revenue and support		6,733,371		(14,730)	 0,000,021
Expenses					
Program services					
Construction		6,949,532		-	6,949,532
Retail stores		488,278		-	488,278
Family outreach		533,965		-	533,965
Senior housing		381,252		-	381,252
Total program service expenses		8,353,027		-	 8,353,027
Administrative and general		499,226			499,226
Fundraising		187,384		-	187,384
Total administrative and general and fundraising expenses		686,610		-	686,610
Impairment loss		88,391		_	88,391
Chinese drywall remediation costs		176,885			176,885
Loan loss expense		481,555		_	481,555
		18,557		_	18,557
Change in value of charitable annuities split-interest agreements		10,557			 10,337
Changes in net assets		(1,049,654)		(74,750)	(1,124,404)
Net assets - beginning of year		19,277,139		709,429	 19,986,568
Net assets - end of year	\$	18,227,485	\$	634,679	\$ 18,862,164

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

			Te	mporarily		
	U	nrestricted	R	Restricted		Total
Changes in unrestricted net assets						
Revenue and support:						
Contributions						
Cash and pledge contributions	\$	1,577,285	\$		\$	1,577,285
Materials and services		841,117		-		841,117
Land donations		8,000		-		8,000
Grants and subsidies		979,662		~		979,662
Application fees		93,071		-		93,071
Retail store sales		539,950		-		539,950
Special events (less direct expenses of \$110,188)		244,621		-		244,621
Amortization of mortgage discounts		191,390		_		191,390
Interest income		10,878		-		10,878
Rental income		331,178		_		331,178
Gift annuity income		157,620		_		157,620
Miscellaneous revenue		117,270		_		117,270
Gain on disposal of fixed assets		15,901		-		15,901
Net assets released from restriction		79,094		(79,094)		-
1 (of abbits foldased from festiletion		5,187,037		(79.094)		5,107,943
Transfers to homeowners for mortgage loans		1,510,809		-		1,510,809
Total revenue and support		6,697,846		(79,094)	_	6,618,752
Total Terenae and support				(11,11,11)		
Expenses						
Program services						
Construction		4,904,334		-		4,904,334
Retail stores		349,429		_		349,429
Family outreach		449,076		-		449,076
Senior housing		277,294		-		277,294
Total program service expenses		5,980,133		-		5,980,133
10mm b108.mm, 011.111.111.1111.1111.1111.1111.1111.1						
Administrative and general		816,204		-		816,204
Fundraising		170,807		-		170,807
Total administrative and general and fundraising expenses		987,011		-		987,011
Impairment loss		711,919		-		711,919
Chinese drywall remediation costs		656,588		-		656,588
Loan loss expense		142,950		-		142,950
Change in value of charitable annuities split-interest agreements		12,724				12,724
Changes in net assets		(1,136,891)		(79,094)		(1,215,985)
Net assets - beginning of year		20,414,030		788,523		21,202,553
Net assets - end of year	\$	19,277,139	\$	709,429	\$	19,986,568

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

		Progr	Program Services		Total	Administrative			
	Construction	Retail Stores	Family Outreach	Senior Housing	Program Services	and General	Fundraising	Total	1
Construction costs	\$ 6,934,557	€9	€9		\$ 6,934,557	69		\$ 6,934,557	2.7
Direct program expenses									
Volunteer department	158,105	•	•	•	158,105	•	1	158,105)5
Program indirect expenses									
Communication	44,594	44,594	44,594	44,594	178,376	•	1	178,376	9/
Development		ı	•	•	•	•	187,384	187,384	2 2
Cost of retail store sales	1	396,365		•	396,365	•	ŀ	396,365	55
Family outreach service costs		1	263,064	i	263,064	1	•	263,064	45
Mortgage expenses	1	1	694,302	1	694,302	•	1	694,302)2
Senior housing costs	•	1	•	230,427	230,427	•	•	230,427	27
Administrative indirect expenses									
Office and other salaries	•	ı	•	1	1	222,715	•	222,715	15
Insurance		1	•	•	1	27,983	ı	27,983	33
Mortgage interest	•	1	•	1		33,609	•	33,609	60
Office operations	,	1	1	1		41,982	•	41,982	32
Maintenance	1	1	ı	•	ı	21,130	•	21,130	30
Real estate taxes and fees	•	ı	ı	t	•	55,067	•	55,067	57
Utilities		ı	•	•	1	25,739	•	25,739	39
Miscellaneous	1		4	ı	•	6,106		6,106	96
Total functional expenses before depreciation	7,137,256	440,959	1,001,960	275,021	8,855,196	434,331	187,384	9,476,911	
Depreciation	77,552	47,319	13,560	106,231	244,662	64,895	1	309,557	57
Total functional expenses	\$ 7,214,808	\$ 488,278	\$ 1,015,520	\$ 381,252	\$ 9,099,858	\$ 499,226	\$ 187,384	\$ 9,786,468	88

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

			Program	Program Services			Total	•	Administrative				
	Construction	Retail Stores	ores	Family Outreach	١.'	Senior Housing	Program Services	ices	and General	Fun	Fundraising		Total
Construction costs	\$ 5,389,987	€9	ı	€9	↔		\$ 5,389,987	\$ 286	1	s	ľ	€9	5,389,987
Direct program expenses													
Volunteer department	139,673		•	I		ı	139,673	673	1		,		139,673
Tithe to HFHI	53,585		ı	I		į	53,	53,585	1		1		53,585
Program indirect expenses													
Development and communication	14,684	14	14,684	14,684		14,684	58;	58,736	ı		170,807		229,543
Cost of retail store sales	,	308	308,326	•		i	308,326	326	ı		1		308,326
Family outreach service costs	1		ı	434,392		•	434,392	392	ı		•		434,392
Senior housing costs	ı		1	1		149,154	149,154	154	1		•		149,154
Administrative indirect expenses													
Office and other salaries	•		,	'		1		4	393,195		1		393,195
Insurance	•		,	•		1		1	20,875		•		20,875
Mortgage interest	•		,	•		1		ŀ	56,454		•		56,454
Office operations	1		,	•		•		,	148,705		1		148,705
Maintenance	•		ı	•		1		,	54,362		•		54,362
Real estate taxes and fees			1	•		•		,	34,277		•		34,277
Utilities	•		,	1		•		,	35,696		1		35,696
Miscellaneous	-		٠	1		1			16,100		•		16,100
Total functional accounts before domesticities	000 203 3	,	222 010	240 076		167 070	(30 (13)	730	777 036		170 001		200
total turicuolial experises belote depreciation	676,160,0	(4)	010	442,070		103,030	,555,0	CCO	100,601		170,071		1,404,524
Depreciation	161,274	26	26,419	1		113,456	301,149	149	56,540				357,689
Total functional expenses	\$ 5,759,203	\$ 349	349,429	\$ 449,076	€9	277,294	\$ 6,835,002		\$ 816,204	8	170,807	8	7,822,013

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011 AND 2010

	2011	 2010
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Cash received from contracts and donations Cash payments for program and support services Cash received for interest Cash payments for interest	\$ 9,353,263 (11,642,812) 8,238 (31,327)	\$ 6,074,711 (6,341,355) 10,878 (56,106)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	(2,312,638)	 (311,872)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Purchase of property and equipment Proceeds from the sale of property Notes receivable (issued) payments received, net Proceeds from the sale of mortgages Mortgage payments received Net cash from investing activities	(98,524) 311,600 242,600 772,675 555,269 1,783,620	 (23,748) 99,293 (45,644) - 546,829 576,730
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Annuity payments Proceeds from notes payable Principal payments on notes and mortgages payable Net cash (used in) financing activities	(26,210) 635,165 (974,098) (365,143)	 (39,081) 434,250 (547,287) (152,118)
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(894,161)	112,740
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	3,075,083	 2,962,343
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 2,180,922	\$ 3,075,083

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011 AND 2010

	 2011	 2010
Changes in net assets	\$ (1,124,404)	\$ (1,215,985)
Adjustments to reconcile changes in net assets to		
net cash (used in) operating activities		
Depreciation	309,557	357,689
Impairment loss	88,391	711,919
Loan loss expense	481,555	142,950
(Gain) loss on sale of mortgages receivable	(342,362)	19,910
Issuance of first and second mortgages receivable less discount	(2,565,111)	(1,600,280)
Loss on foreclosure	251,166	991,988
Loss (gain) on disposal of property and equipment	229,690	(9,975)
Donated land held for home sites	(72,906)	(8,000)
Donated materials and services	(315,146)	(131,298)
(Increase) decrease in assets		
Pledges and accounts receivable	73,629	(55,433)
Charitable annuity split-interest agreements	32,044	51,804
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(45,977)	(2,364)
Building materials inventory	326,309	199,519
Land held for home sites	(98,744)	2,325
Commercial property held	-	16,900
Construction in progress	644,780	(293,865)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities		(
Accounts payable, other accrued liabilities, imputed interest	171,278	11,356
Accrued Chinese drywall remediation costs	(392,534)	656,588
Annuity obligations payable	36,147	(157,620)
i sinutej congations payable	 20,217	 (107,020)
Net cash (used in) operating activities	\$ (2,312,638)	\$ (311,872)

HABITAT FOR HUMANITY OF LEE AND HENDRY COUNTIES, INC. NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization

Habitat for Humanity of Lee and Hendry Counties, Inc. ("Habitat") is a non-profit organization funded by public contributions. The organization was incorporated on October 8, 1982, and is dedicated to providing low income home ownership in Lee County and Hendry County, Florida, for those families who cannot otherwise afford a decent place to live.

Habitat is an affiliate of Habitat for Humanity International, Inc. ("Habitat International"), a nondenominational Christian, not-for-profit organization whose purpose is to create affordable housing for those in need, and to make decent shelter a matter of conscience with people everywhere. Although Habitat International assists with information resources, training, publications, prayer support, and in other ways, Habitat is primarily and directly responsible for its own operations. Habitat has chosen to contribute a tithe on mortgage payments received to Habitat International, as part of the affiliation.

Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include all of the accounts and activity of Habitat for Humanity Senior Housing LLC ("LLC") a separate Limited Liability Company entity of which Habitat is the sole member. The LLC is the operating entity for the senior housing complex that Habitat rents to senior citizens. All transactions between the two entities have been eliminated in consolidation and the two entities are collectively referred to as the "Organization."

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Organization considers all highly liquid debt instruments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Temporarily Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets are those resources currently available for use, but expendable only for purposes specified by the donor. Such resources originate from contributions restricted for specific purposes.

Gifts and Contributions

Habitat records contributions upon receipt of an unconditional promise to give, less an allowance for uncollectible amounts and an allowance for the present value of gifts to be received over more than one year. Gifts, bequests, and other promises or receipts restricted by donors as to use or time period are recorded as temporarily restricted net assets until used in the manner designated or upon expiration of the time period. Donated property and equipment are recorded at fair market value at the date received as unrestricted or restricted net assets, based on the donor's intent. When the assets are used for their intended purposes, the applicable amount is transferred to unrestricted net assets. Unrestricted contributions received are recorded as contribution revenue.

NOTE 1. NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investments for Gift Annuity Obligations

Habitat is a named beneficiary under certain charitable gift annuity arrangements. Under these arrangements, Habitat receives the contributed amounts upon the execution of the agreement and is required to pay a fixed annuity to the donor during the lifetime of the donor. Habitat has recorded the contributed assets based on fair value and the annuity obligation based on the present value of future cash flows expected to be paid. The difference between the fair value of amounts contributed and the annuity obligation is recognized as unrestricted contribution revenue. Changes in the recorded assets and annuity obligations due to changes in life expectancy, present value actuarial assumptions, or market value of assets are reflected as other revenue in the accompanying consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets.

Upon death of the grantor and the receipt of the monies, Habitat will recognize the revenues according to the donor restrictions, if any. A discount rate of 2% and 3% was used to determine the present value of all split-interest agreements at September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Building Materials Inventory

Building materials are stated at the lower of cost (utilizing the first-in, first-out method) or market.

Mortgages Receivable

First mortgages from the sale of houses are interest free amounts due from the home buyer. Second mortgages on houses represent the difference between the cost of the house and the assigned value of the house when the residence is transferred to the occupant. Both mortgages are interest free to the homeowner but are discounted at an appropriate rate of interest for financial statement presentation purposes.

A loan is considered impaired when it is probable, based on current information and events, the Organization will be unable to collect all principal payments due in accordance with the contractual terms of the loan agreement. Factors considered by management in determining impairment include payment status, collateral value, and the probability of collecting scheduled principal payments when due. Loans that experience insignificant payment delays and payment shortfalls generally are not classified as impaired. Impaired loans are measured by the fair value of the collateral. The amount of impairment, if any, and any subsequent changes are included in the allowance for loan losses.

Allowance for Loan Losses

The allowance for loan losses is established through a provision for loan losses charged to expense. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the collectability of the principal is unlikely. Subsequent recoveries, if any, are credited to the allowance.

The allowance is an amount that management believes will be adequate to absorb estimated losses relating to specifically identified loans, as well as probable credit losses inherent in the balance of the loan portfolio, based on an evaluation of the collectability of existing loans and prior loss experience. This evaluation also takes into consideration such factors as changes in the nature and volume of the loan portfolio, overall portfolio quality, review of specific problem loans, concentrations and current economic conditions that may affect the borrower's ability to pay. This evaluation does not include the effects of expected losses on specific loans or groups of loans that are related to future events or expected changes in economic conditions. While management uses the best information available to make its evaluation, future adjustments to the allowance may be necessary if there are significant changes in economic conditions.

NOTE 1. NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Allowance for Loan Losses (Continued)

The allowance consists of specific and general components. The specific components relate to loans that are impaired. For such loans that are classified as impaired, an allowance is established when the collateral value of the impaired loan is lower than the carrying value of that loan. The general component covers unimpaired loans and is based on historical experience adjusted for qualitative factors.

Second mortgages are held on most homes sold. The terms of the second mortgages range from 10 to 20 years, and must be satisfied if the home is sold within the term of the mortgage. The second mortgages are offset by second mortgage reserves of \$3,896,602 and \$4,397,605 as of September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, as reported on the consolidated Statements of Financial Position, because payment on these mortgages is waived over the term of the mortgage. Second mortgages issued prior to January 2006 decrease on a pro-rata basis over the term of the mortgage. Second mortgages issued after January 2006 remain at the full balance until the end of the mortgage term.

Foreclosed Assets

Foreclosed homes acquired through or in lieu of loan foreclosure are refurbished for future qualified residents and are initially recorded at the lower of cost or fair value. Any write-down to fair value at the time of transfer to foreclosed assets is charged to the allowance for loan losses. Subsequent to foreclosure, valuations are periodically performed by management and the assets are carried at the lower of carrying amount or fair value less cost to sell. Costs of improvements are capitalized, whereas costs relating to holding foreclosed homes and subsequent adjustments to the value are expensed.

Land and Construction Inventory

Land Held for Home and Commercial Property Sites

Land purchased for homes and commercial property sites is recorded at cost unless it is determined to be impaired, in which case the impaired land is written down to fair value. Donated land is recorded at the donor's appraised amount or the property appraiser's value. All related carrying costs for these properties such as maintenance, any assessments, real estate taxes, etc. are capitalized into the cost of the properties. Habitat reviews land for impairment during each reporting period on a lot by lot basis. Generally accepted accounting principles require that if the undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by an asset are less than its carrying amount, an impairment charge should be recorded to write down the carrying amount of such asset to its fair value.

Construction in Progress Costs

Costs of construction in progress consist of a budgeted amount for the land transferred from land inventory to the construction account and direct home construction costs, unless it is determined to be impaired. In which case, the impaired construction in progress is written down to fair value. Construction overhead is expensed as incurred. Homes completed pending closing are classified as construction in progress until delivered. Habitat reviews construction in progress for impairment during each reporting period on a lot by lot basis. Generally accepted accounting principles require that if the undiscounted cash flows expected to be generated by an asset are less than its carrying amount, an impairment charge should be recorded to write down the carrying amount of such asset to its fair value.

NOTE 1. NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Land and Construction Inventory (Continued)

Habitat estimates fair values of land and construction inventory evaluated for impairment under generally accepted accounting principles based on market conditions and assumptions made by management at the time they are evaluated, which may differ materially from actual results if market conditions or assumptions change. For example, further market deterioration or changes in assumptions may lead to Habitat incurring additional impairment charges on previously impaired land and construction inventory, as well as on land and construction inventory in progress not currently impaired but for which indicators of impairment may arise if further deterioration occurs.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost or estimated fair market value on the date received. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, ranging from five to thirty-nine years.

Donated Property and Equipment

Donations of property and equipment (in-kind contributions) are recorded as revenue at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Such donations are reported as unrestricted support, unless the donor has restricted the donated asset to a specific purpose. Assets donated with explicit restrictions regarding their use and contributions of cash that must be used to acquire property and equipment are reported as restricted support.

Revenue Recognition

It is Habitat's policy to sell affordable housing with interest free mortgages. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the mortgages receivable have been discounted based upon the prevailing market rates at the inception of the mortgage.

Impairment Loss

For assets to be held and used, generally accepted accounting principles require the recognition of an impairment loss whenever events or changes in circumstances have indicated that an asset may be impaired and the future cash flows from that asset are less than the asset's carrying amount. The impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and its fair value.

During the years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, Habitat recorded impairment losses of \$88,391 and \$711,919, respectively, which was recognized in the consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets. Of the total impairment losses for the year ended September 30, 2011, all of it is related to land held for home sites. Of the total impairment losses for the year ended September 30, 2010, \$125,194 and \$586,725 are related to land held for home sites and construction in progress, respectively.

Donated Material and Services

Donations of building materials (in-kind contributions) are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

NOTE 1. NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Donated Material and Services (Continued)

Donated materials and professional services in the amount of \$1,144,555 and \$841,117 were recognized as contributed material and services for the years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

However, a large number of volunteers have donated significant amounts of their time to the Organization's program services that has not been recognized in the consolidated statement of activities.

Program Services

Program services include construction, family outreach, senior housing, and providing affordable home furnishings in the retail stores. The cost of home building or rehabilitation is charged to program services as the homes are completed and sold.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of providing the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. Accordingly, certain costs have been allocated among the programs and supporting services benefitted.

Income Taxes

The Internal Revenue Service has determined that the Organization is exempt from federal income taxes under the provisions of Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3). Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in these financial statements.

The Organization adopted the provisions of FASB's *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*, on October 1, 2009. As a result of the implementation of this guidance, the Organization did not recognize any additions or reductions associated with uncertain tax positions and implementation did not have a material impact on its financial position or results of operations for the year ended September 30, 2011.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Material estimates that are particularly susceptible to significant change in the near term related to the determination of the allowance for loan losses, the valuation of land and construction in progress and the determination of accrued construction rehab costs.

Reclassifications

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the 2011 presentation in the consolidated financial statements. These reclassifications had no effect on the Organization's reported total assets, liabilities, net assets or decrease in net assets for the period involved.

NOTE 1. NATURE OF ORGANIZATION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2009, the FASB issued *Generally Accepted Accounting Principles*, which establishes the FASB ASC as the sole source of authoritative generally accepted accounting principles. The codification is not intended to change generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) but rather is expected to simplify accounting research by reorganizing current GAAP into topics. Pursuant to the provisions of this guidance, the Organization has updated references to GAAP in its financial statements issued for the year ended September 30, 2011 and 2010. The adoption of this statement did not impact the Organization's financial position or results of operations.

NOTE 2. ESCROW CASH

Funds received from homebuyers prior to closing are held in escrow and restricted to closing costs on home sales. Habitat also holds funds in escrow as security deposits for its rental units. These escrow funds are recorded as cash with a corresponding liability in the consolidated financial statements as escrow accounts payable.

As of September 30, 2011 and 2010, Habitat held \$819,010, and \$745,671, respectively, in tax and insurance escrow funds. These assets, along with the corresponding liability, are not included on the consolidated Statement of Financial Position.

NOTE 3. TEMPORARILY RESTRICTED NET ASSETS

Temporarily restricted net assets are those whose use by the Organization has been limited by donors to a specified purpose. Temporarily restricted net assets consisted of a pledge receivable of \$634,379 and \$709,429 as of September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively, and is restricted for subsequent debt payments.

During the years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, \$85,164 and \$79,094, respectively, was released from temporarily restricted net assets to unrestricted net assets.

Temporarily

NOTE 4. PLEDGES RECEIVABLE

At September 30, 2011 and 2010, pledges receivable consisted of the following:

2011:		estricted
Receivable in less than one year	\$	91,427
Receivable in one to five years		542,952
Total pledges receivable	\$	634,379
	Te	mporarily
2010:	R	estricted
Receivable in less than one year	\$	85,445
Receivable in one to five years		623,984
Total pledges receivable	\$	709,429

NOTE 5. MORTGAGES RECEIVABLE

There were first mortgages receivable on 184 and 163 homes at September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The following is a summary of mortgages receivable, presented net of the imputed interest amounts:

	N-10-1	2011		2010
Balance, beginning of year	\$	5,385,579	\$	5,486,976
New mortgages		2,565,111		1,600,280
		7,950,690	-	7,087,256
Payments		(555,269)		(546,829)
Foreclosures and deeds in lieu		(1,533,000)		(1,113,100)
Sales of mortgages		369,966		-
Additions to allowance for doubtful accounts		· -		(41,748)
	\$	6,232,387	\$	5,385,579

Maturities of first mortgage notes receivable are summarized as follows:

		2011		2010
Gross amounts due in:	Φ.	(A (B) B	Ф	502.969
Less than one year	\$	626,735	\$	592,868
1 to 5 years		2,414,326		2,252,242
After 5 years		6,288,576		5,987,777
•		9,329,637		8,832,887
Unamortized discount		(2,597,250)		(2,947,308)
Allowance for doubtful accounts		(500,000)		(500,000)
Net amounts due	\$	6,232,387	\$	5,385,579

The following is a summary of information pertaining to impaired and non-impaired loans:

	2011	2010
Gross non-impaired loans with a valuation allowance Valuation allowance for non-impaired loans	\$ 7,918,729 (337,997)	\$ 6,671,948 (225,664)
Net gross non-impaired loans	\$ 7,580,732	6,446,284
Gross impaired loans with a valuation allowance Valuation allowance for impaired loans	\$ 1,910,908 (162,003)	\$ 2,160,939 (274,336)
Net gross impaired loans	\$ 1,748,905	\$ 1,886,603
Second mortgages with a valuation allowance Valuation allowance for second mortgages	\$ 3,896,602 (3,896,602)	\$ 4,397,605 (4,397,605)
Net second mortgages	\$ -	\$ -

During the year ended September 30, 2011, Habitat sold mortgages receivable with a book value of \$773,749 for \$1,011,825. During the year ended September 30, 2010, Habitat did not sell any mortgages receivable.

NOTE 6. NOTES RECEIVABLE

Habitat had promissory notes receivable totaling \$242,600 at September 30, 2010. The notes were with various companies participating in a matching grant program. The notes matured during 2011 and are non-interest bearing. The notes were payable in one lump sum payment. There are no promissory notes receivable at September 30, 2011.

NOTE 7. HOME BUILDING AND SITE PREPARATION ACTIVITY

During the year ended September 30, 2011, 70 homes were transferred to homeowners and 37 were under rehabilitation or completed at year-end. During the year ended September 30, 2010, 38 homes were transferred to homeowners and 45 were under construction or completed at year-end.

NOTE 8. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

At September 30, 2011 and 2010, the carrying value of property and equipment and the related accumulated depreciation are as follows:

	 2011	 2010
Land	\$ 1,323,163	\$ 1,506,163
Buildings and building improvements	7,031,768	7,327,129
Office fixtures and equipment	76,039	73,893
Computer equipment	80,466	80,466
Forklifts and other equipment	70,105	84,544
Vehicles	548,429	615,005
	 9,129,972	9,687,200
Less accumulated depreciation	(1,790,818)	(1,630,075)
•	\$ 7,339,152	\$ 8,057,125

NOTE 9. LEASE OBLIGATIONS

Operating Leases

Habitat leases office equipment under non-cancelable operating leases with varying terms through September 2015. Rent expense under these leases was \$21,552 and \$12,648 for the years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

Minimum future rental payments under the non-cancelable operating leases having a remaining term in excess of one year as of September 30, 2011, are:

Year ending September 30,	
2012	\$ 19,000
2013	9,349
2014	9,349
2015	9,349
Total minimum future rental payments	\$ 47,047

Habitat also entered into an agreement during the year ended September 30, 2010 with a leasing company in which the leasing company would provide the total rental payments due on the old copier by entering into an agreement for the new copier. The total value of the rental payments to be received from the leasing company is \$23,905. These proceeds were received during 2011.

NOTE 10. LONG-TERM DEBT

	2011			2010
Unsecured note payable to financial institution, annual payments of \$135,000, principal and interest at 5%, maturing December 2016.	\$	634,679	\$	-
Secured note payable to financial institution, annual payments of \$135,000, principal and interest at 7% APR, paid in full during 2011; secured by real estate.		-		709,429
Available line of credit of \$1,500,000 payable to financial institution, interest monthly at 3.25%, maturing March 2012; unsecured.		-		242,600
Loans payable to finance vehicle purchases, payable to a finance company at 0% interest and monthly payments of \$1,204 with final payments due May 2014.		21,167		35,610
Note payable to finance equipment purchases, payable to a finance company at 0% interest and monthly payments of \$647 with final payment due April 2012.		4,511	-	11,651
	\$	660,357	\$	999,290

Principal maturities of long-term debt at September 30, 2011 are as follows:

Year ending September 30,	
2012	\$ 147,798
2013	142,727
2014	140,152
2015	135,000
2016	94,680
	\$ 660,357

NOTE 11. ACCRUED CHINESE DRYWALL REMEDIATION COSTS

During the year ended September 30, 2010, the Organization discovered the presence of Chinese drywall in 28 homes that were constructed in the years 2006 to 2009. The Organization voluntarily elected to remediate all of the 28 homes, which started in November 2010. At September 30, 2011, the Organization has 8 homes that still need remediation work. The Organization has estimated costs associated with the remediation of the homes and the costs to temporarily relocate the homeowners to be \$264,054 and \$656,588 at September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. The Organization has accrued these costs in the consolidated statements of financial position at September 30, 2011 and 2010. The Organization has expensed \$176,885 and \$656,588 of these costs on the consolidated statements of activities during the years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

NOTE 12. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements).

NOTE 12. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under GAAP are described as follows:

Level 1 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that Organization has the ability to access.

Level 2 – Inputs to the valuation methodology include:

- Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets;
- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets;
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability;
- Inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the level 2 input must be observable for substantially all of the full term of the asset or liability.

Level 3 – Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for assets measured at fair value. There have been no changes in the methodologies used at September 30, 2011.

Mutual funds: Valued at the net asset value (NAV) of shares held by Habitat at year end.

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although Habitat believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, Habitat's assets at fair value as of September 30, 2011:

	Level 1	I	Level 2	L	evel 3	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,116	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 19,116
Mutual funds:						
U.S. equities	94,716		-		-	94,716
International equities	29,233		-		-	29,233
Fixed income funds	82,151		-		-	 82,151
Total mutual funds	 206,100		-		-	 206,100
Total assets at fair value	 225,216	\$	*	\$	~	 225,216

NOTE 12. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

The following table sets forth by level, within the fair value hierarchy, Habitat's assets at fair value as of September 30, 2010:

	Level 1	I	Level 2	L	evel 3		Total
Cash and cash equivalents Mutual funds:	\$ 29,838	\$	-	\$	-	\$	29,838
U.S. equities	84,002		-		-		84,002
International equities	23,283		-		-		23,283
Fixed income funds	93,927		-		-		93,927
Total mutual funds	201,212		-		-	-	201,212
Total assets at fair value	\$ 231,050	\$	-		*	\$	231,050

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying balance sheet, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Impaired loans: Loan impairment is reported when full payment under the loan terms is not expected. Impaired loans are carried at the fair value of collateral. A portion of the allowance for loan losses is allocated to impaired loans if the value of such loans is deemed to be less than the unpaid balance. If these allocations cause the allowance for loan losses to require increase, such increase is reported as a component of the provision for loan losses. Loan losses are charged against the allowance when management believes the uncollectibility of a loan is confirmed. When the fair value of the collateral is based on an observable market price or a current appraised value, the Organization records the loan impairment as nonrecurring Level 2.

Impaired land held for home sites: Land held for home sites impairment are reported when the current tax appraised values are less than its carrying amount, an impairment charge should be recorded to write down the carrying amount of such assets to its fair value. When the fair values of such assets are based on current tax appraised values, the Organization records the land held for homes sites as nonrecurring Level 2.

Impaired construction in progress: Construction in progress impairment are reported when the current real estate appraised values on similar properties are less than its carrying amount, an impairment charge should be recorded to write down the carrying amount of such assets to its fair value. When the fair values of such assets are based on current real estate appraised values of similar properties, the Organization records the construction in progress impairment as nonrecurring Level 3.

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

The following table presents the assets carried on the consolidated Statements of Financial Position by caption and by level within the GAAP valuation hierarchy (as described above) as of September 30, 2011, for which nonrecurring change in fair value has been recorded during the year ended September 30, 2011.

		Carrying Value at September 30, 2011						
	I	Level 1		Level 2	L	evel 3		Total
Impaired loans Impaired land held for	\$	-	\$	1,910,908	\$	-	\$	1,910,908
home sites		-		1,690,595		-		1,690,595
Total	\$	-	\$	3,601,503	\$	-	\$	3,601,503

NOTE 12. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS (Continued)

Level 3 Gains and Losses

The following table sets forth a summary of changes in the fair value of Habitat's level 3 non-recurring impaired construction in progress assets for the year ended September 30, 2011:

Balance, beginning of the year	\$ 1,909,903
New construction, sales of completed homes (net)	(1,909,903)
Balance, end of the year	\$ *

Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis (Continued)

The following table presents the assets carried on the Statement of Financial Position by caption and by level within the GAAP valuation hierarchy (as described above) as of September 30, 2010, for which nonrecurring change in fair value has been recorded during the year ended September 30, 2010.

		Carrying Value at September 30, 2010							
	I	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Impaired loans	\$	-	\$	2,160,939	\$	-	\$	2,160,939	
Impaired land held for home sites Impaired construction		-		1,426,068		-		1,426,068	
in progress		-		-		1,909,903		1,909,903	
Total	\$	-	\$	3,587,007	\$	1,909,903	\$	5,496,910	

Level 3 Gains and Losses

The following table sets forth a summary of changes in the fair value of Habitat's level 3 non-recurring impaired construction in progress assets for the year ended September 30, 2010:

Balance, beginning of the year	\$ 2,269,320
New construction, sales of completed homes (net)	227,308
Impairment loss	(586,725)
Balance, end of the year	\$ 1,909,903

NOTE 13. MORTGAGE LOAN SERVICE AGREEMENT

Habitat services the mortgages it holds, handling the processing of mortgage payments and escrow accounts for the mortgages. In addition, Habitat also services mortgages totaling \$17,307,099 as of September 30, 2011 and \$17,263,690 as of September 30, 2010 that it sold to outside investors. These mortgages are not owned by Habitat and, therefore, are not reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

NOTE 14. TITHE TO HABITAT INTERNATIONAL

Habitat annually remits a portion of its revenues to Habitat International. These funds are used to construct homes in economically depressed areas around the world. Habitat contributed \$53,585 for the year ended September 30, 2010. This amount is included in program services expense in the consolidated statement of functional expenses. Habitat International has agreed to relieve Habitat of its required payments for the year ending September 30, 2011 in order to offset a portion of the Chinese drywall remediation costs that Habitat will incur.

NOTE 15. LEE COUNTY AND CITY OF CAPE CORAL CONTRACTS

During the year ending September 30, 2011, Habitat entered into various contracts with Lee County and the City of Cape Coral to construct or rehabilitate 73 single-family homes. During the year ending September 30, 2010, Habitat entered into various contracts with Lee County and the City of Cape Coral to construct or rehabilitate 21 single-family homes. These contracts were funded through the Florida State Housing Initiative Partnership Program.

NOTE 16. CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

Habitat maintains cash balances at several financial institutions located in Southwest Florida. Accounts in each institution are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to the statutory limit. At September 30, 2011 and 2010, Habitat's uninsured cash balances totaled \$754,821 and \$2,073,413, respectively.

NOTE 17. MORTGAGE LOAN COMMITMENTS

When Habitat sells mortgages to third parties, it agrees with the buyer to replace any delinquent mortgage loan with a mortgage of approximately the same amount. The buyer of the loans must request that this be done. The mortgages summarized in Note 5 are subject to this replacement requirement. As of September 30, 2011, Habitat has accrued for \$162,003 in potential loss on impairment for loans that are currently being serviced by Habitat. As of September 30, 2010, Habitat has accrued for \$274,336 in potential loss on impairment for loans that are currently being serviced by Habitat.

NOTE 18. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Organization paid \$72,439 and \$108,383 to a law firm that has a board member as a stockholder during the years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The Organization paid \$2,829 and \$5,450 to an accounting firm that has a board member as a stockholder during the years ended September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively.

The Organization maintains its operating account and money market account in a commercial bank that a board member is president of. The Organization also has an unsecured note with the same commercial bank. The outstanding balance of the unsecured note was \$242,600 at September 30, 2010. There is no outstanding balance at September 30, 2011.

The Organization has a promissory note receivable totaling \$183,850 at September 30, 2010, from entities related and/or controlled by a board member. There is no outstanding promissory note receivable balance at September 30, 2011. See Note 6 for promissory note terms.

NOTE 19. RETIREMENT PLAN

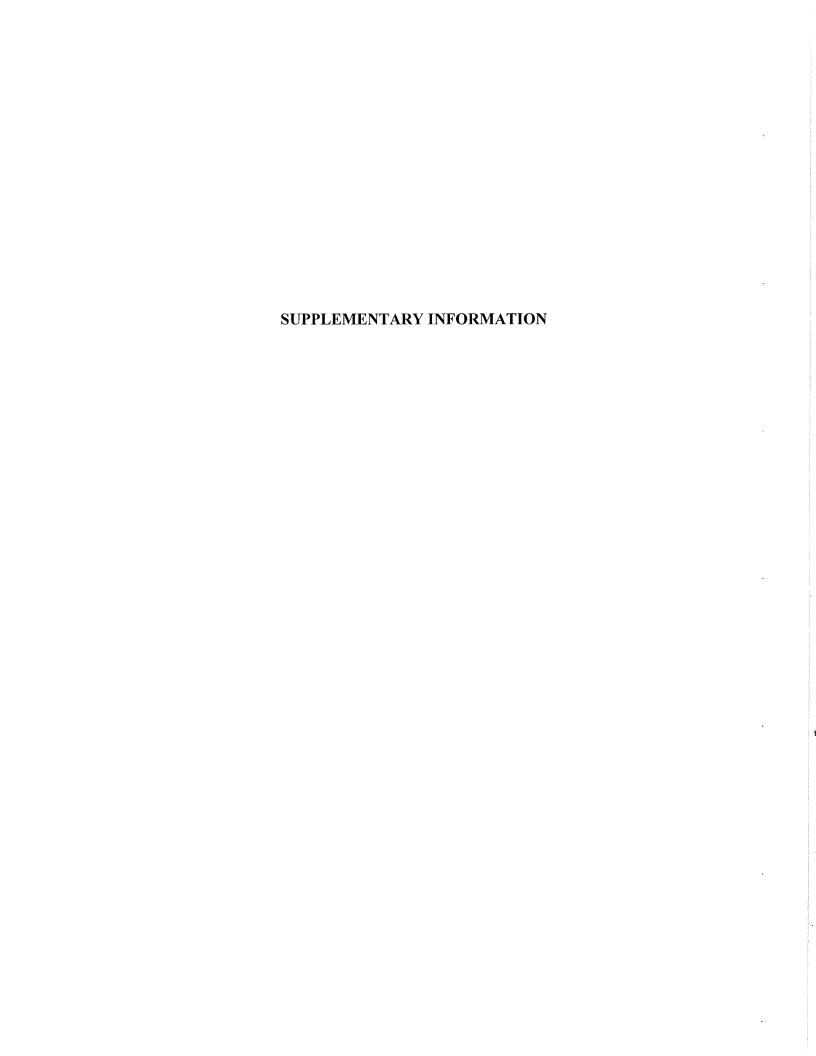
Habitat's employees participate in a defined contribution plan sponsored by the Professional Employer Organization it uses to lease its employees. Employees eligible to participate in the plan must be at least 21 years of age and have three months of service. The plan allows for employee contributions which Habitat may match up to a maximum of 4% of eligible compensation.

NOTE 20. CONTINGENCY

Habitat is involved in a number of legal actions relating to delinquent mortgages. It is the policy of Habitat to foreclose or receive the residence by way of a deed in lieu of foreclosure. Habitat does not anticipate any losses to be incurred from any of these legal actions.

NOTE 21. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Organization has evaluated subsequent events through January 6, 2012, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued, and no additional disclosures are necessary.





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Habitat for Humanity of Lee and Hendry Counties, Inc. North Fort Myers, Florida

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Habitat for Humanity of Lee and Hendry Counties, Inc. ("Habitat") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2011, and have issued our report thereon dated January 6, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Habitat's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Habitat's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Habitat's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Habitat's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management and state awarding agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mauldin & Jenlins, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia January 6, 2012



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Board of Directors Habitat for Humanity of Lee and Hendry Counties, Inc. North Fort Myers, Florida

Compliance

We have audited Habitat for Humanity of Lee and Hendry Counties, Inc. ("Habitat") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Habitat's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2011. Habitat's major federal programs and projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs and projects is the responsibility of Habitat's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Habitat's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profits Organizations*. Those standards and OMB A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Habitat's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Habitat's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Habitat complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2011.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Habitat is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Habitat's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Habitat's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be *material weaknesses*, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, and federal awarding agencies, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Manddin & Jenlins, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia January 6, 2012



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH CHAPTER 10.650 RULES OF THE AUDITOR GENERAL

Board of Directors Habitat for Humanity of Lee and Hendry Counties, Inc. North Fort Myers, Florida

Compliance

We have audited Habitat for Humanity of Lee and Hendry Counties, Inc. ("Habitat") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the Department of Financial Services *State Projects Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Habitat's major state programs and projects for the year ended September 30, 2011. Habitat's major state programs and projects are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to each of its state programs and projects is the responsibility of Habitat's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Habitat's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and Chapter 691-5, Rules of the Florida Department of Financial Services, Florida Administrative Code. Those standards and Chapter 691-5 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a state program or project occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Habitat's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Habitat's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Habitat complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major state programs and projects for the year ended September 30, 2011.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Habitat is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to state programs and projects. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Habitat's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major state program or project to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with Chapter 691-5, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Habitat's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program or project on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program or project will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be *material weaknesses*, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, and state awarding agencies, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Manddin & Jenlins, LLC

Atlanta, Georgia January 6, 2012

HABITAT FOR HUMANITY OF LEE AND HENDRY COUNTIES, INC. SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Grantor/Contract	CFDA Number	Contract Number	<u>E</u> 2	Total Federal spenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Pass-through City of Cape Coral				
NSP3 Program CDBG Program	14.218 14.218	** **	\$	663,242 14,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$	677,242

There were no transfers of Federal Awards to sub-recipients during the year.

^{**} There was no contract number provided by the City of Cape Coral for their contract but the contract was described as being funded by the Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP3) and the Community Development Block Grant (CDBG).

HABITAT FOR HUMANITY OF LEE AND HENDRY COUNTIES, INC. NOTE TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

(1) PURPOSE OF THE SCHEDULE

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Habitat for Humanity of Lee and Hendry Counties, Inc. and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

HABITAT FOR HUMANITY OF LEE AND HENDRY COUNTIES, INC. SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Grantor/Contract	CSFA Number	Lee County Contract Number	E	Total State xpenditures
State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program				
Lee County Contract	52.901	C4733	\$	339,000
Lee County Contract	52.901	C5463		90,000
Lee County Contract	52.901	C5462-CD		223,235
Lee County Contract	52.901	C5630		158,000
Cape Coral Contract 2007-2008	**	**		183,889
Cape Coral Contract 2010-2011	**	**		74,279
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE				
FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$	1,068,403

There were no transfers of State Financial Assistance to sub-recipients during the year.

^{**} There was no CSFA or contract number provided by the City of Cape Coral for their contracts but the contracts were described as being funded by the State Housing Initiatives Partnership Programs.

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

(1) PURPOSE OF THE SCHEDULE

The Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance (the "Schedule") is a supplementary schedule to Habitat's basic financial statements and is presented for the purpose of additional analysis. The Schedule is required by *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and by Chapter 691-5, Rules of the Florida Department of Financial Services, Florida Administrative Code, and *Schedule of Expenditures of State Financial Assistance*.

(2) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

State Financial Assistance - Pursuant to Florida Single Audit Act (Section 215.97, Florida Statutes) and Chapter 691-5, Rules of the Florida Department of Financial Services, Florida Administrative Code, state financial assistance is defined as assistance from state resources, not including state financial and state matching, provided to nonstate entities to carry out a state project. State Financial Assistance includes all types of state assistance as stated in the rules of the Department of Financial Services, established in consultation with the Comptroller and appropriate state agencies that provide state financial assistance. It includes state financial assistance provided directly by state awarding agencies or indirectly by recipients of state awards. It does not include procurement contracts used to buy goods or services from vendors.

Catalog of State Financial Assistance - Chapter 691-5, Rules of the Florida Department of Financial Services, Florida Administrative Code, requires the Schedule to show the total state financial assistance expended for each individual state project as identified in the Catalog of State Financial Assistance (CSFA). The CSFA is a comprehensive listing of state projects. State financial assistance projects that have not been assigned a CSFA number are indicated with . "**"

Type A and Type B Programs

Each non-state entity that expends a total amount of state financial assistance equal to or in excess of \$500,000 in any fiscal year is required to have a state single audit for such fiscal year in accordance with the requirements of the Florida Single Audit Act (Section 215.97, Florida Statutes). Chapter 691-5 Rules of the Florida Department of Financial Services establishes the levels of expenditures to be used in defining Type A and Type B state financial assistance projects. Type A state projects for Habitat are those projects with expenditures in excess of \$300,000, which is the greater of \$300,000 or 3% of total state awards expended for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011.

Basis of Accounting

State financial assistance expenditures included in the Schedule are reported using the accrual basis of accounting.

HABITAT FOR HUMANITY OF LEE AND HENDRY COUNTIES, INC. SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results Financial Statements Unqualified Type of auditor's report issued: Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified? Yes ___x_ No Significant deficiencies identified that are not x None reported considered to be material weakness? Yes Noncompliance material to financial statements noted? ____ Yes __x__ No Federal Awards Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(as) identified? Yes <u>x</u> No Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weakness? Yes x None reported State Financial Assistance Internal control over major state projects: ___ Yes Material weakness(as) identified? <u>x</u> No Significant deficiencies identified that are not x None reported considered to be material weakness? Yes Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal program: Unqualified Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major state projects: Unqualified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133? ____ Yes <u>x</u> No Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 10.654(1)(h)4., Rules of the Auditor General? Yes <u>x</u> No Identification of major federal programs: CFDA Number(s) Name of Major Program

Neighborhood Stabilization Program (NSP3)

14.218

HABITAT FOR HUMANITY OF LEE AND HENDRY COUNTIES, INC. SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results (Continued)						
Identification of major state projects:						
CSFA Number(s)	Name of State Project					
52.901	Florida Housing Finance Corporation State Housing Initiatives Partnership Program					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B major federal programs:	\$ <u>300,000</u>					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee for major federal pro	ogram? <u>x</u> Yes No					
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee for major state proje	ct? Yes x No					

HABITAT FOR HUMANITY OF LEE AND HENDRY COUNTIES, INC. SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Section	II -	Financial	Statement	Findings
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No audit findings indentified.

HABITAT FOR HUMANITY OF LEE AND HENDRY COUNTIES, INC. SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Section III - Findings and Questioned Costs - Major State Projects

Our audit did not disclose any matters required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 10.654(1)(h)4, Rules of Auditor General.

There were no matters reported in the prior year Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs required to be reported in accordance with Chapter 10.654(1)(h), Rules of the Auditor General.

A "management letter" required by Sections 215.97(8)(g), and 215.97(10)(d), Florida Statutes, and defined in Rule 10.654(1)(e), has not been included as there are no items related to State financial assistance required to be reported.

HABITAT FOR HUMANITY OF LEE AND HENDRY COUNTIES, INC. SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2010

No prior year audit findings indentified.		
To prior year addit findings indentified.		